

116TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 1372

To encourage Federal agencies to expeditiously enter into or amend cooperative agreements with States for removal and remedial actions to address PFAS contamination in drinking, surface, and ground water and land surface and subsurface strata, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 8, 2019

Ms. STABENOW (for herself, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. CARPER, Mr. TILLIS, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. BURR, Mr. PETERS, Ms. HASSAN, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. CANTWELL, and Mr. MANCHIN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

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## A BILL

To encourage Federal agencies to expeditiously enter into or amend cooperative agreements with States for removal and remedial actions to address PFAS contamination in drinking, surface, and ground water and land surface and subsurface strata, and for other purposes.

- 1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
- 2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
- 3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4       This Act may be cited as the “PFAS Accountability
- 5       Act of 2019”.

1   **SEC. 2. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS WITH STATES FOR RE-**  
2                   **MOVAL AND REMEDIAL ACTIONS TO AD-**  
3                   **DRESS DRINKING, SURFACE, AND GROUND**  
4                   **WATER AND SOIL CONTAMINATION FROM**  
5                   **PFAS.**

6       (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

7              (1) FEDERAL FACILITY.—

8                  (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “Federal fa-  
9                  cility” means a facility (as defined in section  
10                 101 of the Comprehensive Environmental Re-  
11                 sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of  
12                 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601)) that is owned or oper-  
13                 ated by the Federal Government.

14                 (B) INCLUSION.—The term “Federal facil-  
15                 ity” includes—

16                   (i) a facility or site—

17                      (I) owned by, leased to, or other-  
18                      wise possessed by the United States;  
19                      or

20                      (II) under the jurisdiction of the  
21                      Secretary of Defense;

22                   (ii) a facility or site that, at the time  
23                      of the actions leading to contamination or  
24                      suspected contamination of drinking water,  
25                      surface water, or groundwater or land sur-

1 face or subsurface strata from a  
2 perfluorinated compound, was—

(II) under the jurisdiction of the  
Secretary of Defense; and

(2) FULLY FLUORINATED CARBON ATOM.—The term “fully fluorinated carbon atom” means a carbon atom on which all the hydrogen substituents have been replaced by fluorine.

(3) PERFLUORINATED COMPOUND.—The term “perfluorinated compound” means a perfluoroalkyl substance or a polyfluoroalkyl substance (or “PFAS”) that is manmade with at least 1 fully fluorinated carbon atom.

1                             (4) STATE.—The term “State” has the mean-  
2 ing given the term in section 101 of the Comprehen-  
3 sive Environmental Response, Compensation, and  
4 Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601).

5                             (b) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—

6                             (1) IN GENERAL.—On request by the Governor  
7 or chief executive of a State, a Federal department  
8 or agency shall work expeditiously to finalize a coop-  
9 erative agreement for, or to amend an existing coop-  
10 erative agreement to address, testing, monitoring,  
11 removal, and remedial actions to address contamina-  
12 tion or suspected contamination of drinking water,  
13 surface water, or groundwater or land surface or  
14 subsurface strata from a perfluorinated compound  
15 originating from a Federal facility.

16                             (2) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—A cooperative  
17 agreement finalized or amended under paragraph  
18 (1) shall require the area subject to the cooperative  
19 agreement to meet or exceed the most stringent of  
20 the following standards for perfluorinated com-  
21 pounds in any environmental media:

22                             (A) An enforceable State standard, in ef-  
23 fect in that State, for drinking water, surface  
24 water, or groundwater or land surface or sub-  
25 surface strata, as required under section 121(d)

1           of the Comprehensive Environmental Response,  
2           Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42  
3           U.S.C. 9621(d)).

4               (B) A health advisory under section  
5           1412(b)(1)(F) of the Safe Drinking Water Act  
6           (42 U.S.C. 300g-1(b)(1)(F)).

7               (C) Any Federal standard, requirement,  
8           criterion, or limit, including a standard, re-  
9           quirement, criterion, or limit issued under—

10                 (i) the Toxic Substances Control Act  
11           (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);

12                 (ii) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42  
13           U.S.C. 300f et seq.);

14                 (iii) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.  
15           7401 et seq.);

16                 (iv) the Federal Water Pollution Con-  
17           trol Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);

18                 (v) the Marine Protection, Research,  
19           and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (commonly  
20           known as the “Ocean Dumping Act”) (33  
21           U.S.C. 1401 et seq.); or

22                 (vi) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42  
23           U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).

24               (3) OTHER AUTHORITY.—In addition to the re-  
25           quirements for a cooperative agreement under para-

1 graph (1), when otherwise authorized to expend  
2 funds for the purpose of addressing ground or sur-  
3 face water contaminated by a perfluorinated com-  
4 pound, the head of a Federal department or agency  
5 may, to expend those funds, enter into a grant  
6 agreement, cooperative agreement, or contract  
7 with—

8                             (A) the local water authority with jurisdic-  
9 tion over the contamination site, including—

10                                 (i) a public water system (as defined  
11 in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking  
12 Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f)); and

13                                 (ii) a publicly owned treatment works  
14 (as defined in section 212 of the Federal  
15 Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.  
16 1292)); or

17                             (B) a State, local, or Tribal government.

18                             (c) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—

19                                 (1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE CONGRES-  
20 SIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this subsection, the term  
21 “appropriate congressional committees” means—

22                                 (A) the Committee on Environment and  
23 Public Works of the Senate;

24                                 (B) the Committee on Homeland Security  
25 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

- (C) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives; and
- (D) the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives.

(2) REPORT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—If a cooperative agreement is not finalized or amended under subsection (b) by the date that is 1 year after the date on which a request by the Governor or chief executive of a State was made, the President shall submit a report described in subparagraph (B) to—

(i) the appropriate congressional committees:

(ii) each Senator from the State affected by the perfluorinated compound contamination; and

(iii) each member of Congress that represents a district affected by the perfluorinated compound contamination.

(B) REPORT DESCRIBED.—The report referred to in subparagraph (A) shall include—

(i) a detailed explanation of why a co-operative agreement has not been finalized or amended, as applicable; and

1 (ii) a projected timeline for finalizing  
2 or amending a cooperative agreement, as  
3 applicable.

